# **KVD Trapezoidal Brushless Motor**

Modest size & all aroundTrapezoidal Brushless Motor Controllers

# **User's Manual**

### **Devices Supported:**

KVD2412ND	KVD4812ND	KVD7212ND	KVD8418N
KVD2412N	KVD4812N	KVD7212N	KVD8430N
KVD2418N	KVD4818N	KVD7215ND	KVD8430ND
KVD2430ND	KVD4830ND	KVD7215N	KVD8445NE
KVD2430N	KVD4830N	KVD7218N	
		KVD7225N	
		KVD7230N	
		KVD7230ND	
		KVD7235N	
		KVD7240N	

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### Chapter 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Overview

This manual introduces the Brushless trapezoidal wave brushless BLDC motor controllers' features, their installation and their maintenance. Read the manual carefully and thoroughly before using the controller. If you have any questions, please contact the support center of Brushless Controls.

Brushless's programmable motor controllers provide efficient, smooth and quiet controls for electric motorcycles, golf carts and go-carts, as well as industrial motor control. The KVD motor controller must be based on hall sensors type. KVD controller can not support sensorless brushess motor for now. It uses high power MOSFET's and, PWM to achieve efficiencies of up to 99% in most cases. A powerful microprocessor brings in comprehensive and precise control to the controllers. It also allows users to adjust parameters, conduct tests, and obtain diagnostic information quickly and easily. People can program the KVD controller on PC software and Android App. There is one more choice for customers to program trapezoidal wave controller now. The APP software is based on Tablet with Android OS. Customers may add a Z-TEK USB to RS232 cable for programming KVD controller if they want to use Android Tablet.

Both PC software and Android APP can provide one screen to monitor the controller parameters. Sometimes people can use a small Android Tablet as display device. Customers can connect the KVD controller to Android App in Android Phone if they order Bluetooth converter from Brushless Controls.

KVD has a friendly I/O terminals for customers to hook up the batteries and motor easily.

Controller Warning:Prohibit doing any configuration in user program while running motor. "Yes" to continue if the motor is not running. 2. "No" if the motor is running. Please reconnect user program after stopping motor.

# Chapter 2 Features and Specifications

### 2.1 General functions

- (1) Extended fault detection and protection. Customers can read the error message in PC software or Android APP also.
- (2) Monitoring battery voltage. It will stop driving if the battery voltage is too high and it will progressively cut back motor drive power as battery voltage drops until it cuts out altogether at the preset "Low Battery Voltage" setting.
- (3) Built-in current loop and over current protection.
- (4) Configurable motor temperature protection range.
- (5) Current cutback at low temperature and high temperature to protect battery and controller. The current begins to ramp down at 90°C case temperature, shutting down at 100°C.
- (6) The controller keeps monitoring battery recharging voltage during regen braking.
- (7) Maximum reverse speed and forward speed can be configured between 20% and 100% respectively and separately.
- (8) A 4pin connector to RS232 port and a Z-TEK USB to RS232 cable allows for configuration, programming and software upgrades using the tablet which must be based on Android OS now. People can do the same things on PC software by using a standard USB to RS232 cable instead.
- (9) Provision of a +5 volt and +12 volt output to supply various kinds of hall sensors.
- (10) 5 switch inputs which are activated by connection to 12V. Default to throttle switch, brake switch, reversing switch, forward switch and Boost switch.
- (11) 3 analog 0-5V inputs that default to throttle input, Brake analog input and motor temperature input
- (12) Copy signal of one of hall sensors.
- (13) Configurable boost switch. Enables the maximum output power achievable if the switch is turned on. The effect is the same as full throttle position even if you don't turn throttle at all.
- (14) 12V brake switch input used different port from motor temperature sensor. You can use both brake switch and motor temperature sensor functions at the same time on the latest version. Pin 25 is 12V brake switch input port.Pin1 is motor temperature sensor input port.
- (15) Optional joystick throttle. A bi-symmetrical 0-5V signal for both forward and reversing.
- (16) Configurable motor over-temperature detection and protection with the recommended thermistor KTY84-130/150 or KTY83-122.
- (17) 3 hall position sensor inputs. Open collector, pull up provided.
- (18) Brake analog regen mode. This regen mode doesn't need brake switch to support any more.
- (19) Enhanced regen brake function. A novel ABS technique provides powerful and smooth
- (20) regen. The regen can happen at any speeds until zero speed.
- (21) Cruise control. If you hold the throttle at certain position above 5-6s,the controller will get into Cruise control.

- (22) Bidirectional anti-slip function(Optional), Prevent the stationary vehicle moving in the opposite direction. After the function enabled, when the controller detects that the motor turns from standstill to the opposite direction, it will drive the motor to provide some braking force, making the vehicle stops or slows down. The braking force can be set as required. Mainly used on ride-on floor sweepers and floor scrubbers.
- (23) Bluetooth function. Required a small Bluetooth converter which needs to be purchased in addition from our website. This small converter is useful for KVD controller also.
- (24) Can support three speed function on the latest version.

Caution! The regen is not a safe function. A mechanical brake is still required.

### 2.2 Features

- 1) Intelligence with powerful microprocessor.
- 2) Synchronous rectification, ultra low drop, fast PWM to achieve very high efficiency.
- 3) Electronic reversing.
- 4) Voltage monitoring on 3 motor phases, bus, and power supply.
- 5) Voltage monitoring on voltage source 12V and 5V.
- 6) Current sense on all 3 motor phases.
- 7) Current control loop.
- 8) Hardware over current protection.
- 9) Hardware over voltage protection.
- 10) Configurable limit for motor current and battery current.
- 11) Low EMC.
- 12) Battery protection: current cutback, warning and shutdown at configurable high and low battery voltage.
- 13) Rugged aluminum housing for maximum heat dissipation and harsh environment.
- 14) Rugged high current terminals, and rugged aviation connectors for small signal.
- 15) Thermal protection: current cut back, warning and shutdown on high temperature.
- 16) Controller can do Auto\_Identify for different degrees of hall sensors.
- 17) Configurable high pedal protection: the controller will not work if high throttle is detected at power on.
- 18) Current multiplication: Take less current from battery, output more current to motor.
- 19) Easy installation: 3-wire potentiometer will work.
- 20) Standard PC/Laptop computer to do programming. There is one more choice for customers to program KVD controller. Standard Tablet with Android OS to do programming. Need a Z-TEK USB TO RS232 cable for connecting the controller to App program in Tablet.
- 21) User program provided. Easy to use. No cost to customers.
- 22) Support motors with any number of poles.
- 23) Up to 40,000 electric RPM standard. (Electric RPM = mechanical RPM \* motor pole pairs; Motor pole pairs=Motor poles/2).
- 24) KVD:Dust and water protected under sealed condition,IP66

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### 2.3 Specifications

•Frequency of Operation: 16.6KHz.

•Standby Battery Current: < 0.5mA.

•5V or 12V Sensor Supply Current: 40mA.

•Supply Current, PWR, 30mA Typical.

•Configurable battery voltage range, B+.

•Standard Throttle Input: 0-5 Volts(3-wire resistive pot), 1-4 Volts(hall active throttle).

•Throttle Input: 0-5 Volts. Can use 3-wire pot to produce 0-5V signal.

•Full Power Operating Temperature Range:  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $70^{\circ}$ C (MOSFET temperature).

•Operating Temperature Range: -40  $^\circ$ C to 100  $^\circ$ C (MOSFET temperature).

•Max Battery Current :Configurable.

### 2.4 Name Regulation

The name regulation of Brushless BLDC motor controllers:

KVD2412ND

KVD: Brushless BLDC motor controller based on trapezoidal waveform which is supposed to work with BLDC motor with three hall sensors. All KVD controllers can do regen brake function by default.

24: 24V batteries.

N: The motor controller included a plastic cover with a fuse. There is no fuse or shunt on KVD-N controller at the same time.

D: stands for conductive

And KVD-N is IP66 rating without filling the silica gel by default.

Brushless KVD - Trapezoidal Brushless Motor Controller					
Model	Nominal	Max Operating	Peak Current**	Continuous	
	Voltage	Voltage	1 Minute	Current	
KVD2412ND	12-24V	9-32V	140A	Up to 100A *	
KVD2412N	12-24V	9-32V	140A	60A-100A	
KVD2418N	12-24V	9-32V	240A	80A-130A	
KVD2430ND	12-24V	9-32V	280A	Up to 160A *	
KVD2430N	12-24V	9-32V	280A	90A-150A	
KVD4812ND	36-48V	27-60V	140A	Up to 100A *	
KVD4812N	36-48V	27-60V	140A	60A-100A	
KVD4818N	36-48V	27-60V	240A	80A-130A	
KVD4830ND	36-48V	27-60V	280A	Up to 160A *	
KVD4830N	36-48V	27-60V	280A	90A-150A	
KVD7212ND	48-72V	36-86V	140A	Up to 100A *	
KVD7212N	48-72V	36-86V	140A	50A-90A	
KVD7215ND	48-72V	36-86V	200A	Up to 110A *	
KVD7215N	48-72V	36-86V	200A	60A-110A	
KVD7218N	48-72V	36-86V	240A	80A-120A	
KVD7225N	48-72V	36-86V	260A	90A-130A	
KVD7230ND	48-72V	36-86V	280A	Up to 150A *	
KVD7230N	48-72V	36-86V	280A	90A-140A	
KVD7235N	48-72V	36-86V	320A	100A-160A	
KVD7240N	48-72V	36-86V	340A	105A-170A	
KVD8418N	48-84V	36-100V	240A	80A-120A	
KVD8430ND	48-84V	36-100V	280A	Up to 150A *	
KVD8430N	48-84V	36-100V	280A	90A-140A	
KVD8445NE	48-84V	36-100V	320A	100A-160A	
Note: *Depends	on conduct	ive heat sink			
**Peak cι	urrent can be	prolonged with ad	ditional heat sink, eas	ily over 2 minutes	

## Chapter 3 Wiring and Installation

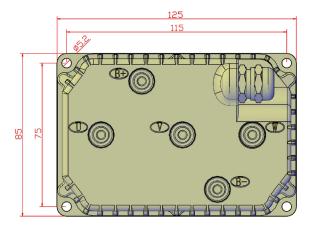
### 3.1 Mounting the Controller

The controller can be oriented in any position which should be as clean and dry as possible, and if necessary, shielded with a cover to protect it from water and contaminants.

To ensure full rated output power, the controller should be fastened to a clean, flat metal surface with four screws. Applying silicon grease or some other thermal conductive material to contact surface will enhance thermal performance.

Proper heat sinking and airflow are vital to achieve the full power capability of the controller.

The case outline and mounting holes' dimensions are shown in below Figure.



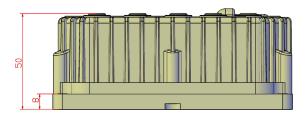
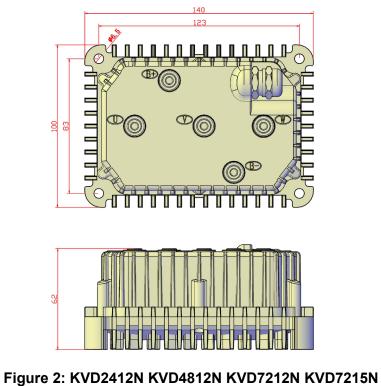
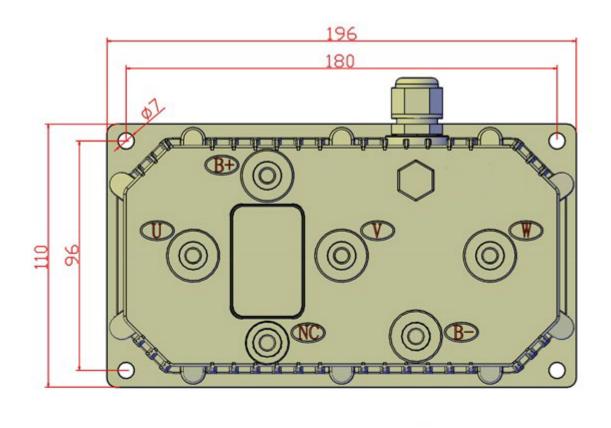


Figure 1: KVD2412ND KVD4812ND KVD7212ND KVD7215ND

mounting holes' dimensions (dimensions in millimeters) B+,B-,U,V,W:M5 Bolts



mounting holes' dimensions (dimensions in millimeters) B+,B-,U,V,W:M5 Bolts



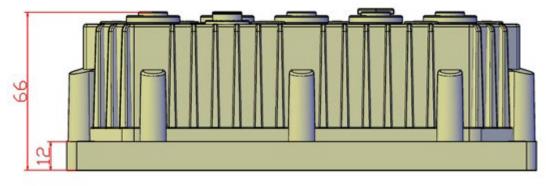
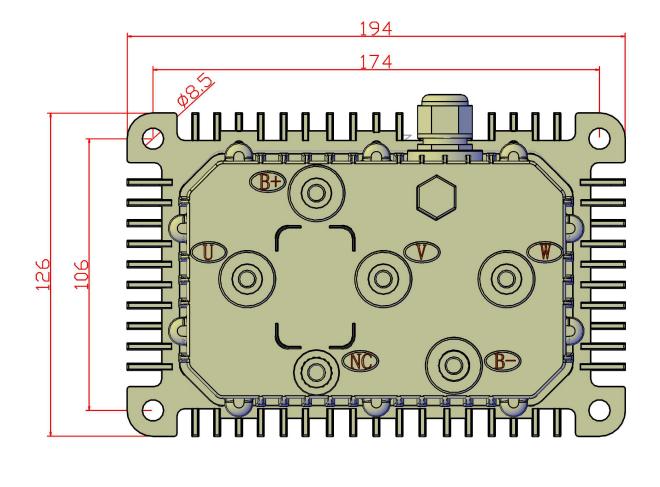


Figure 3: KVD2430ND KVD4830ND KVD7230ND

mounting holes' dimensions (dimensions in millimeters)



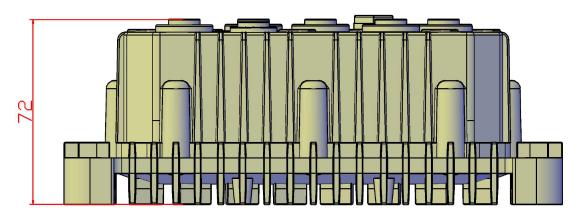


Figure 4: KVD2418N KVD4818N KVD7218N KVD7225N mounting holes' dimensions (dimensions in millimeters)

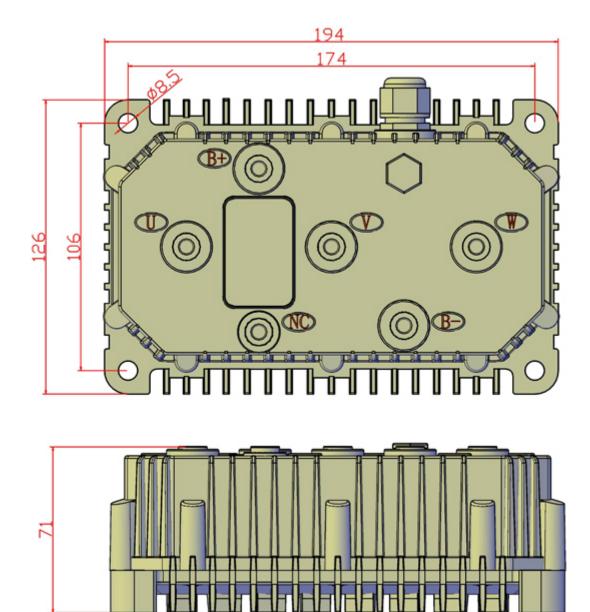
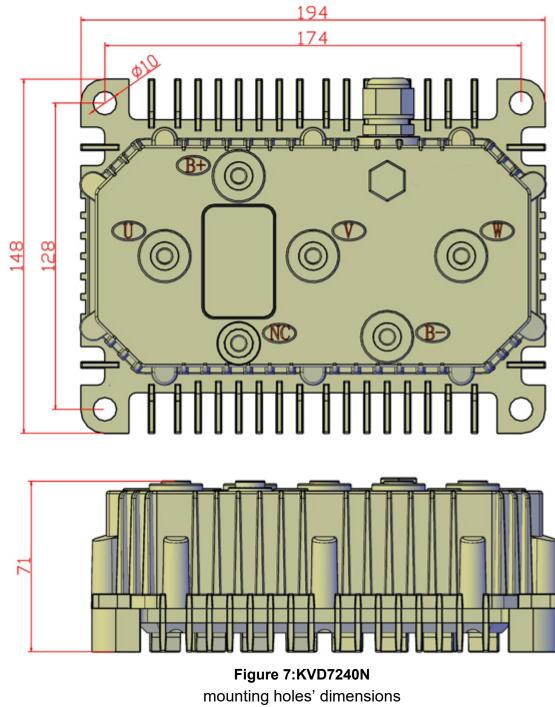


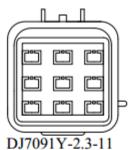
Figure 6: KVD2430N KVD4830N KVD7230N KVD7235N mounting holes' dimensions (dimensions in millimeters)



(dimensions in millimeters)

### **3.2 Connections**

### 3.2.1 Pin definition of KVD Controller



See from output side

Orange	Black	White
REV-SW	GND	FWD
(14)	(6)	(12)
Red	Yellowish	Blue
12V	12V Brake	EC0
(11)	(25)	(22)
Greenish	Pink	Brownish
CAN_H	PWR	CAN_L
(33)	(7)	(34)

DJ7091Y-2.3-21

Gray Foot_SW (15)	Green Throttle (3)	
Black GND (20)	D <b>-</b> Gray Meter (8)	
Purple 5V (4)	Brown Brake_AN (2)	Red 12V (11)

See from output side



Black	Raddle	Purple
GND	Temp	5V
(21)	(1)	(5)
Yellow	D-Green	D-Blue
Hall A	Hall B	Hall C
(18)	(17)	(16)

DJ7061Y-2.3-21 See from output side

Figure 10: waterproof connector

- 1. The switch signal is valid to GND or B- signal except the brake switch pin25.
- 2. 12V capacity is low. This 12V only can be used for LED or switch signals , with a total current not exceeding 20mA.
- 3. Boost and Brake analog regeneration mode used the same pin as pin2.

When Boost is disabled in the user program, the pin2 can be used as brake variable regen mode. When Boost is enabled, the brake analog regen mode is inactivated automatically. Both Boost and Brake variable regen mode can not be used at the same time.

#### DJ7091Y-2.3-11 Pin Definition

- (14) REV\_SW: Reverse switch input. Orange
- (6) RTN: Signal return or power supply return. Black
- (12) FWD: Forward switch or High speed switch White
- (11) 12V:12V Source Red
- (25) 12V brake switch. Yellowish
- (22) ECO: Low speed switch input Blue
- (33)CAN-H:Greenish(Optional function)
- (7) PWR: Controller power supply (input). Pink
- (34)CAN-L:Brownish(Optional function)

#### DJ7091Y-2.3-21 Pin Definition

- (15) Micro\_SW: Throttle switch input. Gray
- (3) Throttle: Throttle analog input, 0-5V. Dark Green
- (1) Temp: Motor temperature sensor input. Raddle
- (20) RTN: Signal return. Black
- (8) Meter: Copy signal of hall sensors. Dark Gray
- (4) 5V: 5V supply output, <40mA. Purple
- (2) Brake\_AN: Brake variable regen or Boost function. Brown

#### DJ7061Y-2.3-21 Pin Definition

- (21) RTN:Signal return. Black
- (5) 5V: 5V supply output,<40mA.Purple
- (18) Hall A: Hall phase A. Yellow
- (17) Hall B: Hall phase B. Dark Green
- (16) Hall C: Hall phase C. Dark Blue

#### Notes:

- 1. All RTN pins are internally connected.
- 2. Meter function is to copy either of hall sensors.
- 3. Brake Switch to 12V is active. Other switches to GND is active. Open switch is inactive.

#### Caution:

• Do not apply power until you are certain the controller wiring is correct and has been double checked. Wiring faults will damage the controller.

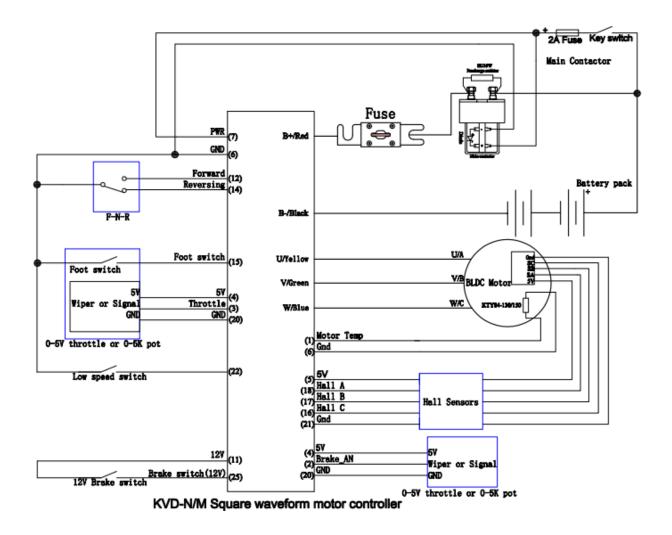
• Ensure that the B- wiring is securely and properly connected before applying power.

• The preferred connection of the system contactor or circuit breaker is in series with the B+ line.

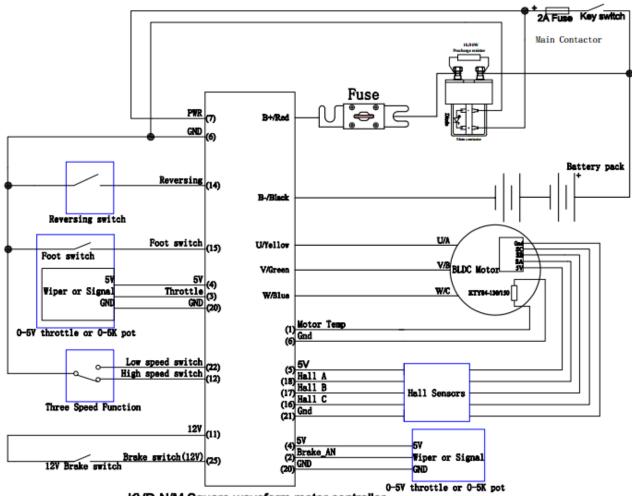
• All contactors or circuit breakers in the B+ line must have precharge resistors across their contacts. Lack of even one of these precharge resistors may severely damage the controller at switch-on.



#### 3.2.2 Standard Wiring of KVD Controller



**Figure 11: KVD** controller standard wiring(F-N-R control) (Battery voltage can be used for controller supply)



KVD-N/M Square waveform motor controller

Figure 12: KVD controller standard wiring(Three speed function control) (Battery voltage can be used for controller supply)

#### 3.2.3 Optional wiring of KVD controller

The 12V input signal of the pin supplies the second braking function of the controller.

		Brake Switch(12V)	
	pin25-Brk		12V  supply  +
From Controller			
	RTN		12V supply -

Figure 13: Wiring of brake switch(12V): 12V is provided by external source.

		Brake Switch(12V)
	pin25-Brk	
From Controller	1	5 5
	pin11-12V	

Figure 14: Wiring of brake switch(12V): 12V is provided by KVD controller on pin11

From Controller	pin1-Motor_Temp	KTY84-130
	pin6-RTN	

#### Figure 15: Wiring diagram for motor temperature sensor

**NOTE:**The motor temperature sensor and low level brake switch used the same I/O port on pin1.Both functions can not be used at the same time.KVD controller can support KTY84-150 and KTY84-130 thermistors.

#### **3.2.4 Communication Port**

A 4pin connector to RS232 port is provided to communicate with host computer for calibration and configuration.

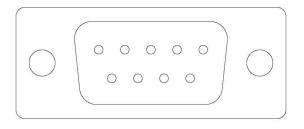


Figure 16: RS232 Interface on 4pin connector to RS232 converter

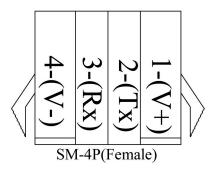


Figure 17: SM-4P connector for communication interface on KVD controller

### 3.3 Installation Check List

Before operating the vehicle, complete the following checkout procedure. Use buzzer code as a reference as listed in Table 1.

#### Caution:

 Put the vehicle up on blocks to get the drive wheels off the ground before beginning these tests.

Do not allow anyone to stand directly in front of or behind the vehicle during the checkout.

Make sure the PWR switch and the brake is off

• Use well-insulated tools.

 Prohibit trying to connect the controller to user program while the motor is still running,let alone change the settings in the user program.



- Make sure the wire is connected correctly
- Turn the PWR switch on.
- The fault code will be detected automatically at restart.
- With the brake switch open, select a direction and operate the throttle. The motor should spin in the selected direction. Verify wiring or voltage and the fuse if it does not. The motor should run faster with increasing throttle. If not, refer to the Table 1 code, and correct the fault as determined by the fault code.
- Take the vehicle off the blocks and drive it in a clear area. It should have smooth acceleration and good power.

## Chapter 4 Programmable Parameters



KVD Configuration program allow users to set parameters according to the vehicle actual working environment so as to be at its best.

The default parameters of the controller are not recommended for all applications. Make sure set the proper parameters before making any test to avoid danger.

Customers can do program on PC software or Android App. The Android Tablet is prefered First of all, people need to do Identification angle function for KVD controller before running the motor. The controller needs to be connected to batteries, motor and throttle before Identification operation. That is to say, it is not enough to connect only power supply(PWR=pin7) to batteries for Identification Angle operation.

🏝 KBS User						
Controlle	ers					
Read success!	Module Name User Code Serial Number Software Version Controller Volt AD-VER Low Volt Over Volt Accelerate Speed TPS Type TPS Dead Low TPS 1_4V_Low TPS 1_4V_High Brake Type Brake Dead Low	KBS72181         ÿÿ         13240140         0602         72         60         18         90         30         1         40         160         1         94         0         40	Brake Dead High Rev Max Speed Forw Max Speed Phase_A_Zero Phase_B_Zero Phase_C_Zero 2-Gear ForwSpeed 3-Gear ForwSpeed	160         100         126         125         125         50	<ul> <li>Boost</li> <li>Economy</li> <li>Rev_HCurr</li> <li>Brake H-Pedel</li> <li>Cruise</li> <li>Joy</li> <li>Reduce Noise</li> <li>Foot Switch</li> <li>Ørake Regen Swit</li> <li>Three Gears Swit</li> <li>ABS</li> <li>Startup H-Pedel</li> <li>Regenerate Elect</li> <li>Smooth</li> <li>Two Speed Drive</li> <li>Inverse Output</li> </ul>	tcl
Configuration Wizar	d Vehicle Control	Motor	Write Read		Monitor Quit	

#### (1)Low Voltage

Value range: Please see Figure 4.2

Functional description: Controller will not operate when battery voltage is lower than the value so as to protect battery. Low voltage setting is the same as Undervoltage setting. Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation.

#### (2)Over Voltage

Value range: Please see Figure 4.2

Functional description: Controller will not operate when battery voltage is higher than the value so as to protect battery and controller.

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation.

Controller Rated voltage	Under Voltage Range (V)	Over Voltage Range(V)
24V	20~30	20~30

### **Brushless**

KVD Trapezoidal Brushless Motor Controller User's Manual

60V	40~80	40~80
72V	40~86	40~86

#### Figure 4.1

(3)Accelerate Speed or Throttle Up/Down Rate

Value range: 10~100

Functional description: Pedal AD Sampling Frequency, a lower value means a shorter sampling period and a faster respond rate.

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is 30.

(4)TPS Type: Throttle Type, 0:None;1:0-5V 3-wire 0-5K pot,5K is normal,2K-20K can be used;2:Hall active throttle or pedal;3:2-wire 0-5K pot. Range: 0~3

(5)TPS Dead Low: TPS Dead Zone Low. Range: 0~100

Functional description: Set throttle effective starting point

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is 40%\*5V/2=1.0V.The actual setting is Setting Value/2.For example, if you fill 60,the actual effective starting position is 60%/2=30%\*5V=1.5V.

(6)TPS Dead High: TPS Dead Zone High. Range: 100~200

Functional description: Set throttle effective ending point

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is 160%\*5V/2=4.0V.The actual setting is Setting Value/2.For example, if you fill 160, the actual effective ending position is 160%/2=80%\*5V=4.0V

(7)TPS 1\_4V\_Low Err: Hall active pedal, if lower than the value, report the fault of TPS Type. Range: 0~20

(8)TPS 1\_4V\_High Err: Hall active pedal, if higher than the value, report the fault of TPS Type. Range: 80~100

These two settings are only useful when the throttle type is fill at 2.

As you may know, the output of hall throttle from Brushless is about from 0.86V to 4.2V.

Our controller will report 3.3 error code if the output of hall throttle is below 0.5V or above 4.5V by default.

The controller will think the hall throttle is shorted or damaged if the output is beyond the range from 0.5V to 4.5V.

You can adjust the threshold voltage below or above 0.5V.The controller will report the 3.3 code to protect the system according to different types of hall throttle.

Because there are many different hall throttle suppliers in the world. The initial output can not be always in the range of 0.5V to 4.5V.

But it doesn't make any differences if you choose 0-5V or 3-wire pot for the throttle type. That is to say, these two settings are only useful for hall active throttle or pedal when you chose throttle

type at 2.

As the same goes, it is valid to adjust the high threshold voltage above 4.5V or below 4.5V. Usually the hall output voltage is 4.2V Max. If you adjust it to lower value which is near 4.2V, it may trigger the error code in normal way.

In simple, if output voltage of hall throttle is below TPS 1\_4V\_Low Err or above TPS 1\_4V\_High Err setting, the controller will report 3-3 error code. For example, we set them at 1 and 94 by default. So the TPS 1\_4V\_Low Err is at 1%\*5V=0.05V.As the same goes, the TPS 1\_4V\_High Err is at 94%\*5V=4.7V.If the output of hall throttle signal is below 0.05V or above 4.7V,the controller will report 3-3 error code.

(9)Brake Type

Brake sensor type for brake variable regen mode

Value range: No used, 3-wire resistive pot, hall active throttle.

Functional description: Set brake sensor type. Please choose "Not Used" if analog brake sensor isn't used. You have to turn on brake switch to start regen, then vary regen with the signal. Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is "Not Used".

(10)Brake Dead Low: Brake Sensor Starting Point

Value range: 0~100%

Functional description: Set brake sensor effective starting point

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is 40%. The actual setting is Setting Value/2.For example, if you fill 60,the actual effective starting position is 60%/2=30%\*5V=1.5V.

(11)Brake Dead High: Brake Sensor Ending Point

Value range: 100%~200%

Functional description: Set brake sensor effective ending point

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is 160%.

The actual setting is Setting Value/2.For example, if you fill 160,the actual effective ending position is 160%/2=80%\*5V=4.0V

(12)Max Rev Speed %: The reverse speed of the percentage of maximum speed. Range: 30~100 By default, it is set at 100%.Only this item can be used to change the speed in reversing direction, nothing else.

(13)Max Forw Speed %: The forward speed of the percentage of maximum speed. Range: 30~100 By default, it is set at 100%

(14)2-Gear Forwspeed and 3-Gear Forwspeed Range: 0~100 Both F-N-R control and three speed function used the same pin12.Needless to say,we can not use both functions at the same time. Three Gears switch is supposed to enable F-N-R control. When this item is enabled, we can not use three speed function,vice versa.

ECO-pin22 is used for two speed function.2-Gear Forwspeed is used to adjust the speed percentage value when you use two speed function on pin22.

#### Two Speed Drive

When you enable three speed function, you can use pin22 as low speed function and pin12 as high speed function, we may just need to enable the three speed function in the user program.

#### Three Speed Dr

In this case, both 2-Gear Forwspeed and 3-Gear Forwspeed are used for adjusting the different speed percentage values for three speed functions.

(15)Boost Function

Value range: Enable and Disable

Functional description: Please see figure 4.3

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is Disable.

(16)Economy Function

Value range: Enable and Disable

Functional description: Please see figure 4.3

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is Disable.

Config	Configuration		Output Current
Boost	Economy	BRK_AN(2)	(Max Current: I_max)
Disable	Disable	х	0~I_max
Disable	Enable	ON	0~(I_max * 50%)
Disable	Enable	OFF	0~I_max
Enchlo	Diachla	ON	I_max
Enable	Disable	OFF	0~(I_max * 60%)

#### Figure 4.2

Note: Boost Function, Economy Function and Half Current In Reverse can not be used at the same time.

Boost and Economy used the same pin on pin2.Obviously the brake analog port can not be used as brake variable regen mode if Boost or Economy is enabled in the user program.

(17)Rev\_H Curr:Half Current In Reverse

Value range: Enable and Disable

Functional description: If enabled, the max output current will be limited to half at reversing. Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is Disable.

(18)Brake H-Pedal: Releasing Brake High Pedal Disable

Value range: Enable and Disable

Functional description: If enabled, the controller will detect the current pedal status when release the brake. If throttle got effective output, the controller will report fault and not operate. Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is Enable.

(19)Cruise Control: Value range: Enable and Disable

If enable, if you hold throttle at certain position about 5-6 seconds, the controller will get into Cruise control.

Release throttle and turn the throttle again or turn on the brake switch will make the Cruise control quit.

Suggestion: factory default is Disable.

(20) Joystick function:

If enable, the controller can drive the motor on two directions without using any reversing switch.

Just one single throttle can drive the motor on forward and reversing direction.

The stick shift throttle firmware can be called wig-wag or joystick operation. It is only a software function. Usually It is useful for electric boat project. You still can use the common 0-5K pot or 0-5V throttle for the controller. If you don't choose the joystick, you operated the throttle in this way. The motor speed will increase when the throttle is from 0V to 5V.

If you enable joystick for this controller in user program, you will start the motor from 2.5V position.2.6V to 5V is forward.2.4V to 0V is backward.

2.4V to 2.6V is the throttle dead zone. Customers can adjust the throttle dead zone in user program also.

Please note the common throttle will spring back to original position if you release the throttle. Suggestion: factory default is Disable.

(21)Reduce Noise

Range: Enabled or Disabled.

This function is used try to reduce the noise at the starting up.

(22)Foot Switch

Value range: Enable and Disable

Functional description: If enabled, the foot switch will be activated. The controller will not accept the throttle signal if the foot switch is turned off. Please see figure 4.3.

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is Disable.

Config	Configuration		Pin Status			
Forward Switch	Foot Switch	FWD_SW (12)	REV_SW (14)	Foot (15)	Running Status	
Enable	Disable	OFF	OFF	х	Neutral	

### **Brushless**

#### KVD Trapezoidal Brushless Motor Controller User's Manual

	1				
		OFF	ON	х	Reverse
		ON	OFF	x	Forward
			ON	x	Neutral
			OFF	OFF	Can't operate
Disable	Enable	X	ON	OFF	Can't operate
Disable		X	ON	ON	Reverse
		X	OFF	ON	Forward
Disable	Disable	Х	OFF	x	Forward
Disable		X	ON	x	Reverse

Note: X means can be on or off

#### Figure 4.3

(23)Brake regen switch

Range: Enabled or disabled

This function is used to enable the brake switch regen mode.

(24)Three Gears switch: It is used for function of F-N-R control.

Please check the wiring diagram in the manual for F-N-R control which is Forward, Neutral and reversing control.

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is Disabled.

(23)Avoid locking when braking. It also can be used to prevent the regen quit automatically at low speed range.

(26)Start-up H-Pedal:

Value range: Enable and Disable

Functional description: If enabled, the controller will detect the current pedal status at power up. If throttle got effective output, the controller will report fault and not operate.

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is Enable.

(27)Smooth

Here is the explanation for smooth setting.

We added smooth control in the user program.

It is used to set up the throttle map by customers.

The deflection point will divide the low speed and high speed on the throttle map.

We added the smooth control parameters in another page of user program..

When you enable the smooth function, you will see five more parameters in Control Page.

You can adjust the low speed acceleration and deceleration rate, and high speed acceleration and deceleration rate in the user program.

The inflection point is at the joint of low speed and high speed.

Step Percent=Inflection Point

V1.24

Accel L-Delta=Low Acc rate Decel L-Delta=Low Dec rate Accel H-Delta=High Acc rate Decel H-Delta=High Dec rate

Step Percent	10
Accel L-Delta	100
Decel L-Delta	127
Accel H-Delta	100
Decel H-Delta	127

Usually Step Percent is set at 10 by default.

Low Acc rate is 100 Low Dec rate is 127

High Acc rate is 100

High Dec rate is 127

The deflection is used to define the point for low speed and high speed. We assume the max inflection point is MAX.

For example, if we set up the inflection point at 10, we think the range below 10/MAX point is low speed area, the high speed range is above 10/MAX.

When you adjust the inflection value, you can determine which point is the joint for low speed and high speed range.

Different motor or motorcycle will affect the value of MAX.I can not let you know the accurate rate.

So we can accelerate and decelerate the motor at low speed range and high speed range.

Low Acc rate is Low speed range acceleration performance rate. If the value is high, that is to say, the controller will accelerate the motor very fast at low speed range. If the value is low, the acceleration is slow or gradual.

Low Dec rate is Low speed range deceleration performance rate. If the value is high, that is to say, the controller will decelerate the motor fast, the motor will stop quickly after throttle is released.

High Acc rate is High speed range acceleration rate.

High Dec rate is High speed range deceleration rate.

The explanation is the similar as above. They only just located on high speed range.

You can assume the value is just the response time. There is no unit for the value. Sorry for that. Different motor, cars will provide different results under the same value.

Customers need to tune up the parameters according to every vehicle data in real testing.

(28)Two speed drive

Can check pin 14 for reference.

It is used to activate the two speed function on pin22.

(29)Inverse output: If the direction is not what you expected, this function can change the default direction. But you need to use auto identify function to find the correct hall/phase combination first.

(30)Phase Auto\_Dis: This is Auto Identify function.

Because KVD can provide the auto-Identify function for customers to find the correct hall/phase combination quickly. It can improve the efficiency greatly and save much wiring time.

1,You need to keep the motor off the ground to do this testing.

2,Please connect the controller to user program.

3, Please click the Phase auto Discern item in the first picture of user program.

4, Please Click write button after enable Phase auto discern

5,Please reset the power supply to activate the setting. The motor will try to run the motor to find the correct timing after power supply is turned on again.

So the motor will run a little bit by itself. The red LED will be solid on in this case. When the Auto identify is finished, the red LED is off and Green LED is on.

Then please reset the power supply again.

6, Then you can turn the throttle to rotate the motor.

7, If the direction is not what you expected, you may enable the Inverse output in the user program.

8,Please reset the power supply to activate the setting again. That is to say, you need to turn off the power supply and turn on it again.

9, Then the direction of the motor is what you expected.

(31)Copy Hall: If disabled, the pin8(meter) is used as current meter output function. If Copy hall item is enabled in the user program, the pin8 is used as speed output signal(copy one of hall sensor signals)

(32)Anti-Slip: It is used to prevent the motor running faster and faster under gravity on slope after the throttle is released completely if you enable this function.

(33)Three speed function. Please check point 14 as reference. Once enabled, it worked in this way.

Pin22 is low speed function

Pin12 is high speed function.

If both switches are not activated, the controller will run in medium speed mode. Each speed range can be adjusted between 30%-100%.

### 4.2 Motor Setting

🚳 KBS User					
Controllers					
Read success!	Motor Poles	8			
Read success!	HALL Angle	120			
	Motor Temp_Sener	0			
	High Temp Cut	125			
	High Temp Resume	110			
	Auto_Discern Loc_V	4			
	CB Hall	3			
	AB Hall	2			
	AC Hall	6			
	BC Hall	4			
	BA Hall	5			
	CA Hall	1			
Configuration Wizard					
	BC Hall:BC Hall, Range:(	)~7			
	Vehicle	Motor	Write	Monitor	
· ·	Control		Read	Quit	

(1)Motor Poles

Value range: 0-254(The number must be even type)

Suggestion: Set according to the number on nameplate of the motor

(2)Hall Angle: Hall Sensor Type

Value range: 60 degree and 120 degree

Functional description: Set according to your motor hall sensor type.

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation.

(3)Motor Temperature Sensor

Value range: 0-2

Functional description: If use motor temperature sensor and enable this function, Controller Stop Output Temperature and Controller Resume Output Temperature can be configured so as to achieve real-time protection on the motor.

0:None;1:KTY83-122;2:KTY84-130/150 Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation. (4)Controller Stop Output Temperature Value range: 60℃~170℃ Functional description: Controller will stop output if motor temperature reaches the set value. Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation. (5)Controller Resume Output Temperature Value range: 60℃~170℃ Functional description: Controller will resume output if motor temperature reaches the set value. Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation.

Note: Thermistor is optional. Default to KTY83-122 OR KTY84-130/150.

(6)Auto-Discern Loc\_V: This value is specified for how many volts will be used during auto identify function. Range:0-10

(7)CB hall, AB hall, AC hall, BC hall, BA hall, CA hall

Range:0-7

These values will be generated automatically after the auto identify operation is finished successfully.

### 4.3 Control Setting

🍪 KBS User							_ 0	×
Controllers								
Read success!	Control Mode	0	]					
Tiedd Success.	Startup Wait Time	5						
	Step Percent	10	]					
	Accel L-Delta	100	]					
	Decel L-Delta	127	]					
	Accel H-Delta	100	]					
	Decel H-Delta	127						
	Bus Current Per	80	]					
1	Phase Current Per	100	]					
	Max Regen Curren	100						
	TPS Regen Current	20						
	Brake SW Current	20						
	LVWeak Start Volt	18						
	LVWeak Percent	100						
Configuration Wizard	LVWeak percent : The	max LV_Wea	king curre	nt'pecent. Ra	nge:0~100			
	Vehicle Control	Motor		Write Read		Monitor Quit		

(1)Control Mode

Value range: Torque/Balanced/Speed(0-2)

Functional description: Set controller output mode. Torque mode brings faster response of the load and good acceleration. Balanced mode brings fast response of the load and wide speed adjusting range. Speed mode brings smooth operation and wide speed adjusting range. Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is Torque mode.

(2)Start-up Wait Time: Start-up Delay Time

Value range: 0-20

Functional description: When power is on, set delay time to wait for stabilization of B+, a higher value means a longer delay time.

Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is 5=0.5s.

(3)Bus Current Percentage: Max Battery Current setting

Functional description: Set max battery current so as to protect battery. A lower value means a lower battery output current and better protective effect. But excessively low value will affect acceleration.

Suggestion: Factory default is 50%.

(4)Phase Current Percent: Phase Current Percent. Range: 20~100 Functional description: The max motor current is (The Value \* Peak Current of the Controller). Suggestion: Factory default is 100%.

(5)Max Regen Current Value range: 20%~100% Functional description: Max regen current with max signal from brake sensor. Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is 100%.Actual value is 100%/2=50%.

(6)TPS regen Current
Releasing Throttle Regen Mode and Max Allowed Regen Current
Value range: 0~100
Functional description: Set the max allowed regen current in releasing throttle regen mode.
Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation, factory default is 20.

(7)Brake Switch Regen currentValue range: 0-100Functional description: If enabled, turn off throttle and turn on brake switch will start regen.Suggestion: Set according to the practical situation.

(8)LVWeak Start Volt: The controller will start to reduce the current to protect the battery when the battery voltage hits this LVWeak Start Volt setting. Factory default is 18V (9)LVWeak Percent: When the LVWeak start volt is hit, the output current will be limited to this value setting. For example, if we fill it at 80,when the voltage is near 18V,output current is only 80% of driving. If we fill it at 100,that is to say, there is no low voltage weaking current function.

### 4.4 Monitor Screen

🍊 KBS User				
Controllers				
Read success!	Break_AD TPS_AD B+ Volt Duty Motor Temp Break Swith	0 44 54 0 0 1		
	Reverse Swith Foot Swith SC_Level SB_Level SA_Level Fault Motor Speed	0 1 0 1 1 0		
Configuration Wizard	Forward Swith HFSP Swith B+ Voltage , Range 0~	1 1 100V	Status Success!	
	Vehicle Control	Motor	Write Monitor Read Quit	

The monitor screen can provide the status of each I/O port.It can help user or seller analyse the root cause of the problem quickly.

(1)Break\_AD. It is used to display the value of brake analog port pin2.

Range:0-255AD

(2)TPS-AD: It is the value of throttle signal on pin3

Range:0-255AD

(3)B+ Volt: The voltage of batteries.

(4)Duty: Duty Cycle

(5)Motor Temp: The temperature of the motor

(6)Break switch: Brake switch on pin13

(7)Reversing switch

(8)Foot switch: Throttle switch or micorswitch in throttle or foot pedal

(9)SC/SB/SA Level: The status of hall sensors

(10)Fault: Error message

(11)Motor Speed: Show the motor RPM

(12)Forward switch: The forward switch pin12

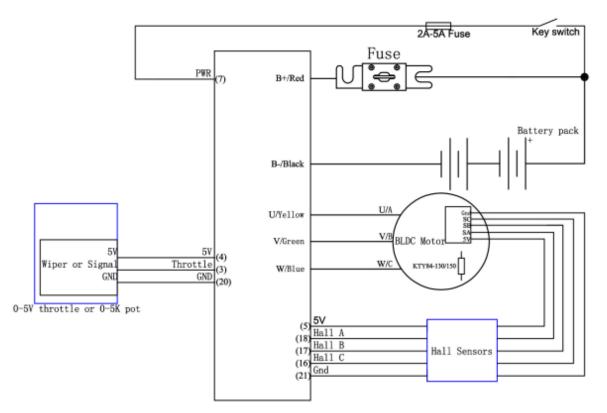
(13)HFSP Switch: Low speed switch on pin22

As of the status of these switch signals, when the value is 1,the port is not connected to GND or not activated. When the value is 0,that is to say, the switch signal is activated or connected to GND.

Note: Thermistor is optional. Default to KTY84-130/150 or KTY83-122

### 4.5 Simple wiring diagram for Auto Identify function

1,Please hook up the controller for Auto Identify operation according to the wiring diagram below.Please make sure there is no load on the motor shaft before starting the programming.



2,Please connect the controller to user program by using an USB to RS232 cable and SM-4A DB9(RS232) Converter.



Customers also can use a Z-TEK USB to RS232 cable and SM-4A DB9(RS232) Converter to connect the controller to an Android Tablet.



The third option is customers can buy our Bluetooth converter to connect the controller to

Android Phone. We don't have to use SM-4A to DB9(RS232) converter any more when you use Bluetooth converter for programming the controller.

3,Please download the controller user program from our website for free.

https://www.brushless.com/

Please install the user program in your computer, Tablet or Phone.

4,KVD: Auto Identify=Phase Auto\_Dis

1),Because KVD can provide the auto-Identify function for customers to find the correct combination quickly. It can make the motor run more smooth.

2), You need to keep the motor off the ground to do this testing.

3),Please connect the controller to user program.

4),Please find Phase Auto\_Dis item in Vehicle Part.

5),Please enable Phase Auto\_Dis function in the user program.

6),Please reset the power supply to activate the setting. The motor will try to run the motor to find the correct timing after power supply is turned on again.

So the motor will run a little bit by itself. When the motor stops after a while, the auto identify is finished successfully. You can turn off and on power supply again.

7),Then you can turn the throttle to rotate the motor.

8), If the direction is not what you expected, you may change current status of Inverse output item in the user program.

9),Please reset the power supply to activate the setting again. That is to say, you need to turn off the power supply and turn on it again.

10), Then the direction of the motor is what you expected.

# Chapter 5 Maintenance

There are no user-serviceable parts inside the controllers. Do not attempt to open the controller as this will void your warranty. However, periodic, exterior cleaning of the controller should be carried out.

The controller is a high powered device. When working with any battery powered vehicle, proper safety precautions should be taken that include, but are not limited to, proper training, wearing eye protection, avoidance of loose clothing, hair and jewelry. Always use insulated tools.

### 5.1 Cleaning

Although the controller requires virtually no maintenance after properly installation, the following minor maintenance is recommended in certain applications.

• Remove power by disconnecting the battery, starting with battery positive.

- Discharge the capacitors in the controller by connecting a load (such as a contactor coil, resistor or a horn) across the controller's B+ and B- terminals.
- Remove any dirt or corrosion from the bus bar area. The controller should be wiped with a moist rag. Make sure that the controller is dry before reconnecting the battery.
- Make sure the connections to the bus bars, if fitted are tight. To avoid physically stressing the bus bars use two, well-insulated wrenches.

### 5.2 Configuration

You can configure the controller with a host computer through either an RS232 or USB port.

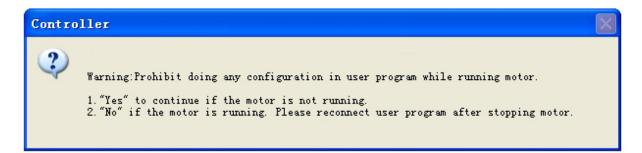
- Disconnect motor wiring from controller for configuring existing parameters in the user program or Android APP. If this operation is too much extra job for you, please make sure the motor must be stopped before programming.
- The controller may display fault code, but it doesn't affect programming or configuration. But it will affect the Identification angle operation. Please try to eliminate the error codes before Identification angle operation.
- Use a straight through RS232 cable or USB converter provided by Brushless to connect to a host computer. Provide >+18V to PWR (for a 24V controller, provide > +8V). Wire power supply return(supply negative) to any RTN pin.
- KVD controller requires a 4pin connector to Brushless RS232 Converter to support the communication. And customers may need a Z-TEK USB cable for Tablet

with Android OS.

Customers may download PC software or Android APP to program the controller before running the motor. You may do Identification angle for brushless motor with hall sensors after running the software or Android APP. Every item in the configuration program can show the explanation automatically when you click it.

#### Caution:

- •Make certain that the motor is connected before trying to run Identification angle function in the configuration software. The controller needs to be connected to batteries, motor and throttle before Identification operation. That is to say, it is not enough to connect only power supply(PWR=pin7) to batteries for Identification Angle operation.
- •Configuration software will be regularly updated and published on the website. Please Update your Configuration Software regularly. You must uninstall the older version before updating.
- •Please try to use Auto Identify function for motor and hall sensors in the user program



# Table 1: Error Codes

### **Buzzer Error Codes**

	Cod	Code Explanation		Solution
1,1	¤	¤	Auto Identify Error	<ol> <li>Wrong wiring of motor phase or hall sensors wires</li> <li>Please suspend the motor when the identify function in the user program.</li> <li>The motor is not balanced well.Please try to capture the waveform of hall/phase timing.</li> </ol>
1,2	¤	¤¤	Over voltage error	<ol> <li>Battery voltage is too high for the controller. Check battery volts and configuration.</li> <li>Regeneration over-voltage. Controller will have cut back or stopped regen.</li> <li>This only accurate to ± 2% upon Overvoltage setting.</li> </ol>
1,3	¤	¤¤¤	Low voltage error	<ol> <li>The controller will clear after 5 seconds if battery volts returns to normal.</li> <li>Check battery volts &amp; recharge if required.</li> </ol>
1,4	¤	αααα	Over temperature warning	<ol> <li>Controller case temperature is above 90°C. Current will be limited. Reduce controller loading or switch Off until controller cools down.</li> <li>Clean or improve heatsink or fan.</li> </ol>
2,1	¤¤	¤	Motor did not start	Motor did not reach 25 electrical RPM within 2 seconds of start-up. Hall sensor or phase wiring problem.
2,2	¤¤	¤¤	Internal volts fault	<ol> <li>Measure that B+ &amp; PWR are correct when measured to B- or RTN.</li> <li>There may be excessive load on the +5V supply</li> </ol>

				caused by too low a value of Regen or throttle
				potentiometers or incorrect wiring.
				3. Controller is damaged. Contact Brushless
				about a warranty repair.
2,3	¤¤	aaa	Over temperature	The controller temperature has exceeded 100 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}.$ The
				controller will be stopped but will restart when
				temperature falls below 80 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ .
2,4	¤¤	aaaa	Throttle error at	Throttle signal is higher than the preset 'dead zone' at
			power-up	Power On. Fault clears when throttle is released.
3,1	aaa	¤	Frequent reset	May be caused by over-voltage, bad motor
				intermittent earthing problem, bad wiring, etc.
3,2	aaa	¤¤	Internal reset	May be caused by some transient fault condition like
				a temporary over-current, momentarily high or low
				battery voltage. This can happen during normal
				operation.
3,3	aaa	aaa	Hall throttle is open	When the throttle is repaired, a restart will clear the
			or short-circuit	fault.
3,4	aaa	aaaa	Non-zero throttle on	Controller won't allow a direction change unless the
			direction change	throttle or speed is at zero. Fault clears when throttle
				is released.
4,1	aaaa	¤	Regen or Start-up	Motor drive is disabled if an over-voltage is detected
			over-voltage	at start-up or during regen. The voltage threshold
				detection level is set during configuration.
4, 2	aaaa	¤¤	Hall sensor error	1. Incorrect or loose wiring or a damaged hall sensor.
				2. Also be caused by incorrect hall angle
				configuration (60 degree or 120 degree)
4, 3	aaaa	aaa	Motor	Motor temperature has exceeded the configured
			over-temperature	maximum. The controller will shut down until the
				motor temperature cools down.
				•